

The Progress.

Vol. XV.

QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T., THURSDAY APRIL 12, 1900.

No. 25

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

LEGAL.

A. D. DICKSON, Barrister, Advocate
Solicitor, etc.
Office, first door south of the Queen's Hotel
Qu'Appelle St.

MEDICAL.

D. R. E. CARTHEW, Qu'Appelle, Phys-
ician, Surgeon, Corner Etc. Grad-
uate Toronto University and Licentiate Col-
lege Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

W. HENDERSON, M.D.C.M.,
Graduate of McGill University,
Licentiate College of Physicians and Sur-
geons, N.W.T. Office at home.

AUCTIONEER.

G. S. DAVIDSON.

Licensed Auctioneer for the
Territories.

ARRANGEMENTS can at any time be
made at the Masonic Hall, office at
Qu'Appelle Station, Indian Head or Sy-
dney. All sales will receive prompt attention.

BUSINESS CARDS.

MEETING.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of South
Qu'Appelle meets the first Monday of
each month. The Secretary-Treasurer will
be in the office to attend to business every
Saturday, from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Applica-
tions for Transient Traders' Licenses, to
rent the Town Hall, and for Internments in
the Cemetery must be made to Frank Amas
J. C. STAIR, Sec. Treas.



Qu'Appelle Lodge, A.
E. & M. E. G. M.
meets in the Masonic
Hall, Qu'Appelle Stn.,
on Tuesday, 8, or
before that month. So-
journing brethren cor-
dially invited.
W. G. VICARS, W. M.

MUSIC LESSONS.

PIANO AND ORGAN lessons taught by
Paul F. Jones, late of Blackheath
Conservatory of Music. Apply at the Post
Office, Qu'Appelle Station.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD,

House, Sign and Carriage Painter.

Painting, Glazing, Paper Hanging

and Kalsomining.

ALL WORK PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

QU'APPELLE STATION and
INDIAN HEAD

JOHNSTON & CREAMER

Sale and Feed Stables,
QU'APPELLE STATION.

CANADIAN HORSES.

J. B. ROBINSON,
Contractor & Builder

Estimates given and all work promptly
attended to.

Undertaking

Best facilities exclusively attended to

Western Co-Operative
Loan & Investment Co.

Head office, 233 Main St., WINNIPEG

Qu'Appelle Advisory Board:

President, W. L. Watt, Vice-President,
George E. Law, Directors, G. H. Sear-
son, Esq., Harry Gordon, Esq.,
J. B. Ross, Esq., J. Valentin, James
McKinnon.

Secretary, Treasurer and Agent, A. Matheson

Shares made on local bonds in Town and
Country. Loans Repaid stock at 6 per
cent and share in profits. Free post office
90 per cent. Monthly instalment about
\$1.00 to \$1.50 and 12 years.

WM. ALLEN, General Agent,
Qu'Appelle, N.W.T.

BOOTS AND SHOES

MADE TO ORDER.

Best. Repairing promptly done.
S. COLLINS,
Qu'Appelle Stn.

Letters from the Front.

SOME BREEZY ITEMS FROM A QU'AP-
PELLE BOY.

Through the kindness of Mrs. S.
H. Caswell we are enabled to pub-
lish the following interesting ex-
tracts from letters sent by her bro-
ther, Mr. M. Talbot who sailed for
South Africa on the Laurentian.
These letters were written on the
boat and at Cape Town where he
met the rest of the Qu'Appelle boys
off the Pomeranian.

Feb. 12th, 1900.

DEAR SISTER,

We are having lovely weather.
It has not rained but once since we
left Halifax and then for only about
half an hour. The old sailors say
we will cross the ocean a great
many times before we have as fine
a trip as we have had.

Our horses are all doing well.
Mine likes sugar and I try to get
some for him every morning, and I
give the cook a cigar every day for
saving the potato peelings for him.
I wish you could see the flying
fish here, they look like birds fly-
ing about two feet above the water,
and every few minutes they dive
under. It is quite a pretty sight to
watch them.

Our monkey got ten days in the
guard house for being cheeky to
one of the officers but the boys slip
him in nuts and cakes as they pass,
so he is not faring so badly for a
prisoner.

We are very busy preparing to
land at Cape Town. Not one word
of war news has reached us. A
transport has been in sight for two
days about seven miles to starboard.
We have exchanged signals all day
and expect to reach the Cape to-
morrow. Last night as I was writing
the fire bell rang and we all had to
turn out in our life boats. Imagine
our disgust when we found it was a
false alarm to see how quickly the
men could get ready.

On the 9th we were allowed to
have the day for sports. We had
high and long jumps, boxing and
fencing. The obstacle race furnished
the best fun. One of our men en-
tered that and came out last. The
course was from the stern to the
bow and back. The first thing they
struck was a large tank of water.
They had to jump into this, dive to
the bottom, bring up a coil of rope,
throw one end down to the next
deck and then climb down the rope.
From there they had to crawl
the length of a canvas containing about
a sack of flour. I wish you could
have seen them when they got out.
Our men said he would have won
the race had it not been for the flour.

Feb. 13th.

This afternoon we were given a
half-pint tin of T. & B. which the
boys thoroughly enjoyed. It was
put on board for us by Tackett &
Sund Hamilton. A few days ago
we had plum pudding, home-made
cookies and chocolates which were
given by the ladies of Toronto and
Halifax.

I wish you could see the South-
ern class. It looks like a cross ly-
ing on its side and the lines join-
ing the stars resemble the Milky
way. It is beautiful. We never
see the North Star in this part of
the world.

When we crossed the equator the
sailors had lots of fun. Two dressed
as Devils, then the officers called
at their men on deck. Most of
them had not crossed before so tak-
ing one at a time the sailors ducked
them in a tank of water, but after
ducking twenty they grew tired of
their job and let the rest of us off
with a fine of fifty cents which was
to go to the wives and children of
the sailors.

On Saturday night we had a cake
walk. The Misses lent the boys
dresses and we did have a time.

On Sunday we had service twice.

Cape Town, Feb. 26th.

It has been a continued round of
work ever since we arrived at the
Cape. I have been kept busy clean-
ing guns and field glasses and break-
ing in breeches. We get coffee and
bread for breakfast and tea, and
meat for dinner, so that is not half
bad.

I rode my horse down to the
Cape this morning and he bucked
or ten minutes on the main street.
You should have seen the crowd
that collected.

The Pomeranian with our boys
on board, arrived in harbor to-day
and will unload to-morrow. The
troops are pouring in every day but
you can get more war news in the
North-west than we can out here.
The first man I saw from the west
was Reggie Sheppard. I helped
them pitch their tents. They lost
nine horses coming across but had
a pleasant trip. Our surgeon went
down to the boat and found that
we would go up country, that's what
they call to the front here, in a few
days.

Later—Jack Sargent, Reggie
Sheppard and I have just returned
from the city where the citizens are
celebrating the relief of Ladysmith
and the surrender of Cronje. The
noise was terrific and we were glad
to leave but when we got back to
camp it was deafening. There are
fifty transports in the harbor and
they all turned loose their big guns
and their cannon roared for three
hours to help celebrate the victory.
Well, we are sorry we have not
been in time to relieve Ladysmith,
but I hope we will be sent on to
help take Pretoria. We are all
anxious to be sent to the front and
I think we shall be before the week
is out.

Kindly remember me to all Qu'-
Appelle friends.

MILTON S. TALBOT.

Going To Yukon

John Tander, formerly of Fort
Qu'Appelle, returned to the Yukon
on Wednesday. In an interview
with a Phoenix reporter he stated
that there was plenty of work in
our far north-west Territory for the
man who was willing to work.
When he left last winter the ther-
mometer stood only 5 below zero.
He considers the rivalry too
high and difficult of collection as
no man is going to report the total
amount of his washup. He has
several claims but has not done
much development as yet.

Shererville Splashes.

Seeing so much water around
the correspondence cannot resist
the temptation of having another
"splash."

The farmers in this vicinity are
busy seeding with the weather is
fine.

Messrs J. and W. McMichael
have arrived from the east with
two extra big boxes of fruit. Call and
see them.

A number of our Shererville
sports took in the show at St. Louis
a week ago last Tuesday. They
report a good time.

Miss E. T. McMichael has re-
turned from a week's visit with her
friend Miss Howett of Winnipeg.

Miss Leroy, of Millinery, Ont.,
has arrived to take charge of
Starr's Point school. We wish her
every success.

A surprise party took place at
Mount Prospect on Monday even-
ing, a very pleasant time was spent.

Miss Lydia Sinclair, of McLean,
has been visiting at Mount Pros-
pect for the past week, the guest of
our friend Miss Belle McMichael.

Mr. W. Tandy is prepared to do
the staid now having purchased
a new driver. Look out for the
dash!

Mr. J. F. Cates arrived home
from England last Thursday.

A LARGE STOCK OF

WALL PAPERS

Of newest designs at reasonable prices at the

QU'APPELLE FURNITURE STORE.

Call and see the De'Lavel Cream Separator at work.

S. E. 1 of 10, Tp. 19 Rg. 14 FOR SALE. Enquire at
the office of

J. DOOLITTLE.

Real Estate, Loan and Insurance Agent.
QU'APPELLE STATION.

This Space is Reserved
FOR
Lidgate & James,
Successors to McEwen and Lidgate

GRAND OPENING.

HAVING opened up for business in New Shops, situated on Qu'Appelle street next
door to the Masonic Hall, I am prepared to do all kinds of

General Blacksmithing, Horse Shoec-
ing, Sligh Shoeing, &c., &c.

With neatness and despatch.

James McEwen.

HUNTER'S DRUG STORE.

(Successor to the Qu'Appelle Drug & Stationery Co.)

I HEREBY state that I have bought the stock in trade of the above
firm and purpose carrying on the business in the old stand, in
order that I may be able to serve the wants of the people of Qu'Appelle
and adjoining country I have largely increased my stock of Drugs
and Patent Medicines and other lines as well. Anything you may
want in the Drug, Stationery or Book and Fancy Goods line come and
see if you can get it at this store, and if I have not got it, it will be
procured for you on shortest notice. The stock when complete will
comprise

Pure Fresh Drugs,
Patent Medicines,
Toilet Articles & Perfume,
Stationery and Wall Paper,
School Supplies and
Fancy Goods.

Stocks: Butter, Eggs, Apples and Home Made stock prepared by the proprietor.
Send your Doctor's Prescriptions, and orders for Canadian Patents, Goods, Med-
icines and Instruments, and have them put up accurately and carefully.

W. H. Hunter,

Druggist & Chemist, Qu'Appelle Stn., N.W.T.

FATEFUL ABDUCTION.

BY MAY AGNES LEMING.

Author of "A Wonderful Woman," "Shirley Her Crime," "Maude Perry's Secret," etc., etc.

Bravely the gallant crew of the mercantile frigate, sailing for London to the East. Slowly, but surely, overpowered by superior numbers, they retreated toward the rammed houses, the deck growing crimson with blood as they went, and the gallant band slowly, but surely, decreasing.

Suddenly they died, and the pirates, closely wedged together, and unable to retreat, saw themselves sinking by the yawning maw of a brass eight-inch powder, loaded to the throat with grape. There was a second deathlike pause, then the clear, calm voice of Captain Raymond shouted, as he sprang forward, "Stand in line!"

"Down with the gunner!" But he was too late. Even as he spoke, with a deafening roar it was discharged, striking death through the densely crowded pirates, cutting a lane right through their center. At the same moment a ball shot crashing through the side of the gunner, from the port of the pirate chief.

"For God and our country! Death to the pirates!" cried the crew of the mercantile frigate, as they sprang from their retreat, dealing death and the still automatic revolvers.

"Slain the best man in my crew!" shouted the pirate chief, frenzied with rage, as the man Simon fell dead at his feet, wailing off a lone wail at the young captain's life. "Follow me, men! No quarter to the murderers! Stay, and spare not!"

"Death to the pirates!" came defiantly back from the brave, faithful, gallant crew, who remained of the numerous crew of the Englishman.

With an concentrated yell of rage, the mercantile frigate sprang upon them, cutting for each it now was great, terrible, one by one, the crew of the English ship were butchered and cast aboard.

A few crimson bubbles marking for a moment the spot where they had sunk, as they, one by one, disappeared forever. And, high over all, still arose the voice of Captain Raymond, with the death cry of the Englishman.

"Death to the murderers!" "Take one in each horrible frame, Kate, stood with streaming eyeballs and face blanched to the lips of death, manœuvre, as a statue, until she had sunk to the deck. For the first time she realized they were really pirates, and he whom, in spite of all, she had outwitted, the worst of all, and the dreadful feeling of horror that filled her heart, and rushed her to the deck, as she watched him dodging death.

"He'll be a hard nut!" came continually from the pirate crew, as the last of the Englishman was lowered. Yes, they had captured, but the victory was doubly bogus. More than half their own crew lay dead and dying on the deck of the ship.

The pirates now began busily carrying their wounded companions to their own vessel, while the remainder covered themselves in retreating, expecting a chase to be in the offing. Slowly moved to the left, Mary of Liverpool, bound with a bandage, with a cargo of sugar, rum and coffee, and a large number of other valuables. These were slowly lowered on to the deck of the Englishman, and then, setting fire to the deck of the ship, the pirates fled on their course.

It took Kate some time to realize the whole truth of the work of a moment. She had been told that the pirates were the worst of all, and the dreadful feeling of horror that filled her heart, and rushed her to the deck, as she watched him dodging death.

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she might think of him or his actions. His days were mostly spent in sailing, day over the side of the vessel, or chattering with the second in command, a young Standard, whose mother had been the first made Kate dislike him. As for her, she usually spent her days in the cabin, sometimes reading, and sometimes playing the piano in her room. Here she had no one to disturb her reflections, for the quadrangle generally passed the day upon deck, happy to be near the young captain, who never left his post, and who, as she said, "was out of sight."

But at night, lying awake on her restful couch, she would hear a light, firm footstep, pacing up and down the passageway, and watching for Captain Raymond. Sometimes, too, in the early night, when unable to sleep, she would stand on deck, and staring herself under the starlight of some port, watch the shadow of some poor, young creature, as he paced restlessly up and down the quarter-deck, unconscious of the eyes regarding him. Often, at such times, she would catch a glimpse of the shadowy form and wild, black eyes of the quadrangle, as he crouched in some corner, watching and waiting with his face locked in "rapt and so well." Both eyes were watching and waiting for who never came, waiting for the sun to rise, and in spite of their inner lives.

But, in spite of his sad times, he would go on and on, to those who were engaged in his hidden grief and remorse, as in a matter, the other waiting, so sadly and so patiently, in her deep, secret love, but both waiting in vain, the bright love health was gradually fading from Sylvia's dark cheeks; the splendid Syrian eyes were fast losing their lustre; a shadow lay on her dainty, beautiful face; there was a lingering, faint, fainter that showed that her strength was wasting, with the fire within her passionate heart. Watching her, Kate would think of the words of the poet:

"Love's light has fled from her eye and cheek, To burn and die in the heart they seek, Vain that so often the grave should be The seal of woman's fidelity."

And the grave was destined to be the seal of Sylvia's too.

But this pleasant afternoon, Kate had deserted the cabin for the deck; and leaning back in her seat, she watched, dreamily, the foam dancing in the sun, while the long cut her way rapidly through the bright waves.

"Sail, ho!" called the man at the cross-trees, in startling tones.

Captain Raymond, who was leaning slightly over the side of the ship, smoking a cigar, now springing into the rigging, and scanned the horizon in every direction.

"I can't make it out," he said, hastily.

"In what direction?"

"Standing to the westward; sir, another two hundred, I think."

A feeling of sickness came over Kate, as she thought that the terrible scene now witnessed as about to be repeated.

"Yes, you can see her plainly now," said Captain Raymond, sweeping the horizon with his glass. "Yes, she is a merchantman, most decidedly. We seem to have come to a head, and of course, in this case, Mr. Moody," he added, turning with a laugh, "lets second in command."

All the more the morrier, Senior Captain said. Moody, in his proud, self-satisfied voice, and strong, steady accent, "Your swords are growing rusty in their scabbards for want of work."

"Get all hands on deck!" said Captain Raymond.

Then turning, he walked over to Kate; he lifted his hat, and, courteously, but with brief ceremony.

"As I had some difficulty in making you get below during the last engagement, I must prevent your presence on deck this time; for, as you see, we are about to give chase to your ship, and an engine-room crew will probably be required. But, Miss Sidney, you will excuse me if I insist on seeing you to your cabin and locking you in. Sailors are proverbially superstitious, and my men consider your presence on deck during a battle as an evil omen. Besides, scenes of bloodshed and death are hardly fitted for a lady's gentle eyes."

"Not for the eyes of any civilized being are such scenes of murder and bloodshed, but I do not see the harm of it," she said, with a smile. "A gang of outwitted pirates to plunder the vessels of their own country, and murder the better crew, is a deplorable thing. Not such scenes are hardly fitting for a lady's gentle eyes."

MISSIONARY EFFORT.

BISHOP RIDLEY HAS GIVEN MANY YEARS OF HIS LIFE TO IT.

He Will Address the Ecumenical Conference on Foreign Missions to Be Held in New York, April 21 to May 1. The British Columbia's Experience is Held to Be Very Valuable.

There will be no more striking figure than William Ridley, bishop of Columbia, British Columbia, at the ecumenical conference on foreign missions to be held in New York on April 21 to May 1.

One of the few regions of the world still closed to missionary effort within its borders is still practically impossible, but considerable work is being done among the surrounding peoples by missionaries, chiefly of the Church Missionary Society of England. Some of these missionaries have done notable work, and among them is Bishop Ridley.

He was sent into India in 1879, working on the confines of the Amer's domain, and had his missionary training in that most difficult field. A few years later, however, his health obliged him to leave India, and he was appointed chaplain to the British church at Dresden, Saxony, where he remained two years. After this he occupied parishes in England a few years. In 1879, he was appointed the first bishop of Columbia, British Columbia, bringing to his work there the fruits of his experience in his previous fields, and now over 20 years he has administered the affairs of that diocese with singular ability.

Bishop Ridley is well known as a scholar, and his contributions to



BT REV. WILLIAM RIDLEY.

philology have been considerable. He is the author of a number of works on local dialects and has paid particular attention to the various dialects of western British America.

Fifty-eight leading British missionary associations and societies and 70 small missionary bodies will be represented at the conference. Only 13 of them were in existence before Queen Victoria ascended to the throne. Since 1837 British contributions to missions have increased fivefold.

There are now more than 1,381 men and women, inclusive of the wives of missionaries, as the representatives of British missions in China, the total number of Protestant missionaries in the world being 2,142. The number of native converts when the twenty years were opened to foreign missions in 1842 was 48,000. By 1907 there were only three ordained native Christians in connection with the Church of England missions, now the number in connection with the various British societies is nearly 2,000.

The Wesleyan, Baptist and London missionary societies of Great Britain, in some of their fields, have been able to leave the work to the converts themselves, and to pass on to the regions beyond. It is said that the work of the Christian church in Japan will soon be in the hands of the Japanese themselves. The British missionary societies have 48,000 native helpers other than the 2,000 ordained natives, and their native

aiders are doing much of the work.

General Weyler's brutality to the country farmers of Cuba was the direct cause of the desperate insurrection in Cuba which led to the Spanish war. That war cost the United States \$90,000,000. The cost to Spain was \$55,000,000, excluding loss of territory. The cost to Cuba in the way of wrecked plantations and loss of commerce, especially of her tobacco trade, is roughly estimated at \$200,000,000 more. So Weyler came distinctly high—Answere.

NO TRIFLING WITH THE NERVES.

Opiates Hasten the Decay of the Nerve Cells--- Dr. Chase's Nerve Food Restores and Revitalizes Wasted Nerves.

Your physician will tell you that morphine, cocaine and other opiates induce a temporary relief, but that such relief is only temporary, and that the use of such drugs actually hastens the decay of the nerve cells.

The nerves must not be trifled with. No one can afford to waste nervous energy, the beginning of nerve diseases is a nervous prostration, paralysis, epilepsy or insanity.

It is not to be estimated to estimate the effect of the decay of the nerve cells on the body. The whole machinery of circulation, respiration and digestion can only properly carried on when force is supplied by the nerves.

church members of communists amount up to 310,000. Full two-thirds of the entire company of missionaries are employed in India and China, because these two countries number more than 600,000,000, or more than one-half of the non-Christian population of the world.

A Chinese Reformer's Right. Since the change of Emperors in China and the appointment of Li Hung Chang as acting viceroy of Canton things have been worn in the celestial climate for reformers. The Young reform party, of which Kang-Yu-Wen is the leader, is very much dissatisfied with recent changes, and there are threats of an uprising in some parts of the kingdom. Li Hung Chang is striving to nip in the



KANG-YU-WEN.

but the proposed revolt, and the second sailing of Kang-Yu-Wen from Hongkong for Singapore shows that Li Hung Chang is looked upon as a formidable foe. The revolutionist leader expects protection in Singapore as the reform party is very strong there, but it is reported on good authority that four of the emissaries of the emperor's dowager recently left Peking pledged to assassinate Kang-Yu-Wen as soon as he took refuge regarding of their own fate.

Every home is full of purchases for which the owners wish they had their money back.

From Bad to Worse.

She—I would like to call you by your Christian name, love, but Tom is so hateful and common, you know. Haven't you some pet name? He—No, I—er—haven't. She—Are you always known as Tom among your friends? He (brightening up)—No, the boys call me "Shorty."—Harlem Life.

China boasts a breed of dog which is virtually known in all occidental lands. The "sleeve puppy," as the tiny creature is styled, is so diminutive that it can with ease be carried in the baggy sleeves of the Chinese overgarment.

Well, Now!

"Of course, I'm in favor of suffrage for women, Hendrick," said Mr. Meekton. "But I don't think they ought to go to the polls themselves."

"What do you mean?"

"They ought to be able to send their husbands to vote for them. If they go to the polls themselves, it will confuse matters. A perfect gentleman who says 'I'd like to see a lady at the polls looking a little worried' would feel compelled to lift his hat politely and say, 'Madam, take my vote.'—Washington Star.

A High Priced Man.

General Weyler's brutality to the country farmers of Cuba was the direct cause of the desperate insurrection in Cuba which led to the Spanish war. That war cost the United States \$90,000,000. The cost to Spain was \$55,000,000, excluding loss of territory. The cost to Cuba in the way of wrecked plantations and loss of commerce, especially of her tobacco trade, is roughly estimated at \$200,000,000 more. So Weyler came distinctly high—Answere.

Nothing else in fashion is quite so effective for removing an old beard as the wide velvet earset belt and a cat which may be of velvet or hair. Fasten the belt at one side with a hook some buttons or with a knot and ribbon ends, as you fancy.

Among the new trimmings is a soft setting about four inches wide, with a narrow silk fringe, and individual, between this and the upper edge is another row of the same fringe follows the same outline. This comes in velvet as well as black.—New York Sun.

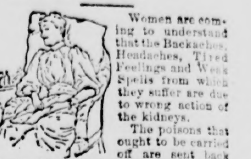
Experience. Stage Manager—You say you have had some stage experience? Miss Gush—Oh, yes, indeed! I took the leading part in our church cantata at home once, and—well, to tell you the truth, everybody said I just played my part too lovely for anything—O Columbia (O) State Journal.

A British Army Corps.

The British army corps as nominally constituted numbers 30,370 officers and men. A large number of these are "technical" troops, in charge of the postoffice, field telegraph, railway appliances, balloons, field batteries and field hospitals. Eliminating all of these technical troops, the strength of a division in infantry, cavalry and artillery is 9,493 men, with 18 guns, an armory corps, 30,370 men, with 192 guns.

Hotel Balmoral, 1111-1113, Free Press, N.Y.

Women's Ailments.



Women are coming to understand that the Backache, Headaches, Tired Feelings and Weak Spills from which they suffer are due to wrong action of the kidneys.

The poisons that ought to be carried off are sent back into the blood, taking with them a multitude of pains and aches.

DOAN'S Kidney Pills

drive away pains and aches, make women healthy and happy—able to enjoy life. Mrs. C. H. Gillespie, 204 Britain Street, St. John, N.B., says: "Some time ago I had a violent attack of the Gravel. From this, severe kidney trouble arose, for which I suffered with a number of the best physicians in St. John, but received little relief. Hearing Doan's Kidney Pills highly spoken of, I began their use and in a short time found them to be a perfect cure. Before taking them I suffered such torture that I could not turn over in bed without assistance. Doan's Kidney Pills have rescued me from this terrible condition, and have removed every pain and ache."

LAXATIVE PILLS

Work while you sleep without a grip or pain, erasing Dyspepsia, Sick Headaches and Constipation and make you feel better in the morning. Price 25c.

The Mosquito of Russian Land.

"We had to force our way through long stretches of dense birch scrub under a burning sun and without a breath of wind to clear away the mosquitoes. They settled on every particle of exposed flesh, and the thousands who failed to find room there covered our caps and backs till the color of the cloth was nearly hidden."

"We reached camp at 11 o'clock a.m. thoroughly done up, and even then we could not sleep, our blood being so feverish from the mosquito bites. My neck and wrists were swollen up with lumps the size of sparrows' eggs. Unfortunately, our mosquito nets had been left in camp, as we had quite enough collecting gear and guns to carry, and expected to be home hours earlier. Oil of lavender gives temporary relief from persecution, but its effects soon pass off."

"A mixture of half turpentine and half olive oil is also useful in ordinary cases, but when the enemy are brought into good working order by a hot sun and calm day nothing stops them except a veil. This desire of the mosquito for blood is a strange puzzle. Not one in a million out of his ancestors for generations in the arctic can have tasted it, yet all rush for the first human being or reindeer they meet. I have heard of the Samoyeds being driven mad by their bites."—"Around Novaya Zemlya," by H. J. Pearson.

Dear Sirs,—This is to certify that I have been troubled with a lame back for fifteen years.

I have used three bottles of your MINARD'S LINIMENT and am completely cured.

It gives me great pleasure to recommend it and you are at liberty to use this in any way to further the use of your valuable medicine.

Two Rivers, ROBERT ROSS.

Nothing else in fashion is quite so effective for removing an old beard as the wide velvet earset belt and a cat which may be of velvet or hair. Fasten the belt at one side with a hook some buttons or with a knot and ribbon ends, as you fancy.

Among the new trimmings is a soft setting about four inches wide, with a narrow silk fringe, and individual, between this and the upper edge is another row of the same fringe follows the same outline. This comes in velvet as well as black.—New York Sun.

Experience. Stage Manager—You say you have had some stage experience? Miss Gush—Oh, yes, indeed! I took the leading part in our church cantata at home once, and—well, to tell you the truth, everybody said I just played my part too lovely for anything—O Columbia (O) State Journal.

A British Army Corps.

The British army corps as nominally constituted numbers 30,370 officers and men. A large number of these are "technical" troops, in charge of the postoffice, field telegraph, railway appliances, balloons, field batteries and field hospitals. Eliminating all of these technical troops, the strength of a division in infantry, cavalry and artillery is 9,493 men, with 18 guns, an armory corps, 30,370 men, with 192 guns.

Hotel Balmoral, 1111-1113, Free Press, N.Y.

CHAPTER XVIII.

AN UNEXPECTED MEETING.

It was a pleasant afternoon, about a week after the event recorded in the last chapter, when that fatal night Kate had narrowly escaped, and she was again with a feeling almost of brotherhood. She knew now that those momentary eyes that had so interested her could light up with the fire of death, that low, musical voice could sound the death cry of her victims. There was too good a reason for it all in his heart, and Kate could never feel toward him again as she had once felt.

It was evident that he noticed it, but it was equally evident that it troubled him. There was an easy indifference about him, yet curious in his manner toward her, that seemed to imply that though he felt toward her as a lady, yet he was perfectly unconcerned as to what

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**Col. Porter's Forces Charge a Large
Body of Boers and Rescue
Ninety-one Prisoners.**

Berlin, April 5.—The Schlessische Zeitung reports that Herr Malcommes, German consul in East London, Cape Colony, has been grossly insulted by a mob, who burned him in effigy. The Berliner Tageblatt, which reproduces the announcement, says: "If this news should prove to be true, it will be interesting to watch the German foreign office take action."

Hamilton, April 5.—Lord Strathcona has donated \$2,000 to the normal training school for teachers in domestic science, established here mainly by Mrs. Hoodless.

It further goes on to say that so long as any farmer is hampered or hindered from himself shipping to a terminal market, he will be more or less at the mercy of elevator operators. Discontent on this point is very serious, and without further discussion the causes giving rise to such, this discontent

Some government amendments to bills passed the second reading, including a bill extending the term of office of law benchers from one year to three years after the current year.

Mr. Spencer Wilkinson discussing the attack on Col. Broadwood's detachment in the Morning Post, says: "The attack was well planned and well executed. Col. Broadwood, however, skillfully evaded the stroke aimed at him. Possibly Lord Roberts has retired his infantry with a view of encouraging the Boers to advance and to continue their attack. Probably nothing

Delhi, N. Y., April 4.—Frank Hendy and wife lived in a small house in the woods, five miles from this place. On a Sunday morning their son, who went to pay his parents a visit, found the house burned and the bones of Hendy and his wife in the ruins.

[illegible]

THE PROGRESS, published EVERY THURSDAY MORNING IN Qu'Appelle Station, Assa., N. W. T.

TERMS: \$1 per annum in advance; \$1.25 if paid within six months; \$1.50 if allowed to run over six months.

No paper discontinued without explicit instructions to that effect along with full amount of arrears.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Commercial advertisements by the year \$5 per inch. If for less than six months \$6 per inch.

Legal, Medical or small Business Cards of one inch or under, \$5 per year.

Advertisements one inch or under, 50c. for 1st insertion; 25c. for each subsequent insertion.

Transient advertisements, 12c. per line 1st insertion; 8c. per line each subsequent insertion.

Specials, 10c. per line 1st insertion; 5c. per line each subsequent insertion.

ROSCOE E. LAW,

EDITOR AND MANAGER

THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1900.

"Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us dare to do our duty as we understand it."

ROOM FOR DISHONESTY.

We have no intention of imputing dishonesty against any elevator company but as the law now stands we maintain that there is no opening for dishonesty. When a buyer ships a carload of grain to Winnipeg it is there tested by the elevator inspector, and the company receiving announce the standard to the buyer. What is to hinder a company acknowledging a car as No. 2 that was tested No. 1? A simple remedy would be to have the inspector sign these receipts when filled out. It could not add very much to his labors and would be much more satisfactory.

NOTE

Prior to Mr. O. McDonald meeting in this town he sent an invitation to Walter Scott, editor of the Leader, inviting him to be present and discuss the elevator question. Last week's Leader takes the reasonable ground that the controversy is not between Mr. O. McDonald and Mr. Scott but the former gentleman and the Leader. It is not the duty of an editor to travel over the country upholding the views his paper puts forth. The case of Mr. Motherwell is totally different, and we should have liked to see Mr. Motherwell on the platform on the 11th ult.

Territorial Assembly.

Regina, April 5.—Petitions were presented praying for the incorporation of the public hospitals at Edmonton and the Victoria hospital at Prince Albert.

Premier Haultain said the government were willing to appoint a Roman Catholic School Inspector who could speak French, all other things being equal, when a vacancy occurred.

J. B. Hawkes initiated some discussion on the second reading of the bill amending the noxious weeds ordinance. He objected to the provision which prevented the farmer from taking away his small wheat. G. A. V. Bullock, commissioner of Agriculture, defended the government at length, explaining that the ordinance was new and not fully in working order.

Several small bills were dealt with in connection with the wheat.

Regina, April 6.—A bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of the Dominion Government, for the purpose of extending the railway system to the west coast.

Regina, April 9.—A bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of the Dominion Government, for the purpose of extending the railway system to the west coast.

ernment for the formation of the Territories or any part of them into a province or provinces, nor has any such proposal been received.

Mr. Haultain introduced a bill to incorporate the Mutual Hail Insurance Co.

The bill to incorporate the Town of Yorkton was read a third time and passed.

In committee of the whole a further discussion ensued on the noxious weeds ordinance. J. B. Hawkes moved an amendment that nothing in the section applying to the removal of weed seeds from elevators or mills should be construed to prevent the removal of small wheat, oats, etc. Mr. Bullock said the amendment was entirely unnecessary. The amendment was lost.

An opposition has been organized with D. H. McDonald as leader. This move has compelled Premier Haultain to call a caucus of his supporters.

The assembly has adjourned until the 17th.

A Satisfactory Statement.

The twenty-fifth annual statement of the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society has been recently issued. The completed figures show substantial gains in the essentials that build up a strong company by constant growth, combined with conservative management.

A brief comparison of figures will not doubt be interesting to its policy-holders and the public, and from exhibits for the years ending Dec. 31st we quote the following: Income, 1898, \$2,747,003.24; 1899, \$3,539,611.65. Paid to policy-holders, 1898 \$1,432,012.37; 1899, \$1,660,372.27; assets, 1898, \$2,856,211.35; 1899, \$3,360,612.22; assurance in force, 1898, \$32,592,137.00; 1899, \$30,040,104.00.

It will also be interesting to note the gains in per cent. which are as follows: In assets, 15 per cent.; premium income, 15 per cent.; total income, 21 per cent.; new business, 58 per cent.; assurance in force, 15 per cent.; reserve for policy-holders, 24 per cent.; and payment to policy-holders, 15 per cent.

With an insurance in force of more than \$174,000,000, with a total payment to policy-holders of \$17,000,000, with an addition during the last year to the reserve fund for benefit of policy-holders of \$487,000, with a ratio of assets to liabilities of 124, with no death claims due and unclaimed, the president of the Provident Savings is receiving well-deserved congratulations upon these steady advances, traceable in no small degree to his energy and capability. The management has adopted a business policy of giving insurance of lowest rates consistent with safety, instead of accumulating a very large surplus for the future possible benefit of persons not contributing to it.

It is gratifying to note the progress of the President, as recorded by his official statement, as it is to also note the progress of other strong companies, indicates that the widespread business of life insurance is recognized by the public as an established and general necessity. The business may well be regarded as second to none in point of financial importance and magnitude, as well as in the bringing of comfort and happiness to the home.

COUNCIL MEETING.

Minutes of meeting of the council of South Qu'Appelle municipality, held in the council chamber Monday, April 2nd, 1900. All members present.

Minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

Communications were received from J. S. Dennis, Deputy Commissioner of Public Works, Regina, with reference to refunding the sum of \$250, on account of repairs made to cotton dams in the municipality. From W. L. Watt, C. P. R. agent, with reference to lease of site on which the immigration building stands. W. G. Veats, overseer.

A petition signed by F. Slinger and twenty others, asking for road to be opened between tps. 15 and 16, range 19.

It was resolved to receive from the City of Regina, a road overseer, to be elected early next year.

treasurer's monthly statement.

Applications for the position of weed inspectors were received from R. Craig, J. T. Craig, F. G. Whiting, E. Haudyside and J. C. Starr.

The secretary reported having purchased 12 dozen bottles strength of 2 drachms each as instructed, which will be retained to rate payers at 15 cents per bottle.

A number of accounts were received and referred to the Committee of Finance, Assessment and Safety, who reported as follows: "We, your Committee of F. A. S. S., recommend that the following accounts be paid:

From Student Labor Fund, Gordon Melvor, balance due him, \$ 5 00

Jack Sparks (Anna's March Report) 3 15

S. Myer, 1 35

C. Polster, 3 00

F. Amas, 3 months salary, over-ear 10 00

P. Amas, F. H. S. S. Salary 10 00

J. Z. Beauchamp, charity account 1 00

D. Brown, 50 50

Gray & Smith, 5 35

A. D. Dickson, 2-25, mill mortgage 5 90

Qu'Appelle Drug & Stationery Co., Stationery and Sir, 23 45

Melville Bros., printing done, 1 00

Times and Company, 2 55

S. H. Case, 100, 100, 100, 2 55

"We also recommend that the Secretary, Treasurer's statement, showing balance on hand \$2,745.80, and the Auditor's quarterly report be read and filed. All in which is respectfully submitted."

(Signed) J. Perkins Jones, Chairman.

The Secretary's monthly statement is as follows:

Dr. Balance Cr. Balance

General Fund, \$147.75 \$147.75

Mill Bonds, 68 83

Student Labor Fund, 513.74 214 11

McCormick Weeds, 9 15

Pound Stock Sale, 9 15

Emergency Fund, 9 80

School Dist. No. 2, 47 57

" " " 47 57

" " " 89 89

" " " 192 77

" " " 55 02

" " " 25 16

" " " 10

Dr. Balance, \$143 84

Cr. Balance, \$147 75

Less Dr. Balance, \$143 84

Balance in hand, \$435 80

Resolved by the Board of Directors of the F. A. S. S. Committee, be and let, and that the Board and Sec. Treas. be authorized to make changes in payment of the accounts the committee may deem proper.

Moved by Johnston and second, that the office of the C. P. R. be left the site on which the immigration building now stands at 910 a year be accepted.—Carried.

Moved by Starr and Johnston that F. J. Whiting and J. C. Starr be appointed weed inspectors for districts No. 1 and 2 respectively.—Carried.

Moved by Johnston and Johnston that the Sec. Treas. be authorized to advertise in the Qu'Appelle Standard for two Read Overseers and a man having experience in running a coal quarry. Applications to be received on or before Monday, May 1st, 1900.—Carried.

On motion carried adjourned.

The following story on Lord Roberts gained great currency in the British army a few years ago, says the *Collier's Weekly*. The distinctness of the Afghan is proverbial, and it is said that on one occasion General Roberts captured a soldier who was an exceptionally dirty that it was thought necessary for the safety of the whole camp, that he should be washed. Two young men, Tom Atkinson, were told off for that purpose. They stripped the prisoner and scrubbed him for two hours with formidable brushes and a large quantity of soap. Then they threw down their brushes in disgust and went to their captain. "What is it men?" "Well sir," they replied, somewhat excitedly, "we've washed that 'ere Afghan chap for two hours, but it wasn't no good. After scrubbing him, sir, till our arms was like to break, still if we didn't come upon another suit of clothes!"

The Planters' Dependence on Good Seeds.

Without good, fresh, fertile seeds, good crops are impossible. It is, thus, of the most vital importance that you should exercise the greatest possible caution in selecting the seeds you are to sow. The coming season. Since you cannot determine their fertility or freshness by sight, the only certain way to insure yourself against worthless seeds is to buy only those that bear the name of a firm about whose reliability there is no question. These are no better known seedsmen anywhere, and none who have a higher reputation for the purity of their seeds than the *Windsor, Ont.* For a few years have been a synonym for good seeds for many years. Thousands of gardeners who continue to plant them every year, season, do so with the firm belief that they will find them to be of high vitality, and most important of all, true to name.

For a Seed Annual for 1900, fully up to date, a list of all the seeds and plants, is sent free to all who have been to Windsor, Ont. a few days ago, and a list of all the seeds and plants, is sent free to all who have been to Windsor, Ont. a few days ago, and a list of all the seeds and plants, is sent free to all who have been to Windsor, Ont. a few days ago.

MAILED.

Books, etc., sent by mail, to the Editor, N. W. T. Progress, at Regina, Sask., 2nd St., 1st Floor, to E. E. Law, Editor.

SUPPORT YOUR LOCAL PAPER.

In the Supreme Court of the North West Territories Judicial District of Western Assiniboia.

In the matter of the Winding Up Act, and of the Qu'Appelle Belt and Boot Company, Limited.

Pursuant to the order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Richardson, made herein and dated the 18th day of March, A. D. 1900, Notice is hereby given that each creditor of the above Company is required to send in to A. D. Dickson, Esquire, Barrister, Qu'Appelle Station, the Legislature appointed in this matter, on or before the 12th day of May, A. D. 1900, their claim against the said Company, together with a statement of the sum to (if any) held by them.

TAKE NOTICE that each claim is required to be verified by statutory declaration.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the said Liquidator may, at the expiration of said time, distribute the Assets of the said Company amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which the said Liquidator then has notice. Dated at Regina this 18th day of March, A. D. 1900.

Hamilton & Jones, Advocates for A. D. Dickson, Liquidator.

Get your printing at this office.

The Combined Term

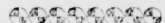
And

Renewal Option Policy

Is unique in Life Assurance. It is especially

Adapted to the wants of

Professional and Business Men.



This policy guarantees, in a table endorsed upon it, Loans and Surrender Values either in Cash or Paid-up Assurance under the Renewal Selection.

Beginning Immediately After the First

Payment of the First Annual

Premium.

Provident Savings Life Assurance Society.

E. E. LAW, AGENT.

Sunny South.

From our own correspondent.]

Mr. H. Coates, one of our old farmers, who sold out three years ago, took a trip to the old country last fall. He returned the other day and taking with him his old chum, C. Stewart from here, made tracks for the Klondyke on Sunday. We hope on their return they will give us a call.

Miss McDonald and Mr. Harvey McOrliffe paid a flying visit to her brother's, Mr. C. Donnelly, last Sunday.

Mr. T. Donnelly and family were out to their farm on Sunday.

We are sorry to state that some farmers of this place have got the pink eye among their horses. We hope it will be checked before going through the settlement.

Mr. C. Stewart has purchased a fine Clyde horse from Mr. T. McLean and intends to break the rest of his quarter this spring.

The Canadian Pacific Railway announce that a Canadian Commission Office will be opened at No. 10, Avenue de Rome, Paris, during the Paris Exhibition for the convenience of Canadian visitors, whose arrival they can get information as to living accommodations, and in one of which they can have their letters addressed.

Qu'Appelle Observatory.		
	Maximum.	Minimum.
Wed. 28	39	31
Thurs. 29	40	34
Fri. 30	35	27
Sat. 31	37	29
Sun. 1	42	34
Mon. 2	48	38
Tues. 3	43	37

OUNCE OF PREVENTION TABLETS

Cure a cold in one day. Relieves Headache at once. An infallible Remedy that should be in every house. PRICE 25 CTS.

Have opportunity to get a valuable present.

Mrs. E. Ambler.

S. H. Caswell & Co., BANKERS.

Financial and Insurance Agents

COLLECTIONS SOLICITED. RETURNS PROMPTLY MADE.

Four Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Deposit Accounts.

CORRESPONDENTS: MOLLISON'S BANK, Winnipeg.

Drafts paid up in all parts of Canada at the Mollison's Bank.

Cheques and Drafts for all parts of the World Bought and Sold.

Qu'Appelle Station. - - Assn.

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GEN. MAREUIL KILLED.

METHUEN SURROUNDS A FORCE OF SEVENTY BOERS.

Chief of Staff of Boer Army Killed—Five British Companies Made Prisoners at Bethany.

London, April 8.—The war office received a dispatch from Lord Roberts announcing Lord Methuen's capture of 54 Boers, and the killing of Gen. Viljoens Mareuil, the chief of staff of the Boer army. This news had been judiciously started a few minutes, when a second telegram was bulletined, reporting the loss of five companies of British infantry. The lost companies are probably part of the force guarding the railroad at Bethany, 30 miles south of Bloemfontein. The Boers are evidently operating in force near the railroad, and there is a possibility of the line being interrupted for a brief period at any time.

In the death of Gen. Viljoens Mareuil, the Boers lost their best instructed soldier in continental methods of warfare. As the late Gen. Joubert's chief of staff, his brain devised the Boer defenses against Gen. Buller's advance to the relief of Ladysmith. He was the most notable of all the soldiers of fortune serving with the Boers. As the captured British soldiers were in a position to defend themselves for nearly 24 hours, and were then forced to surrender, the fighting must have been severe. The Boers were in force yesterday 60 miles south of Bloemfontein. They had a brush with the British patrols.

Paris, April 8.—The news of the death of Gen. De Viljoens Mareuil was posted in the chamber of the senate yesterday, and caused a painful impression.

London, April 8.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts: Bloemfontein, April 6.—Methuen telegraphed from Boshof in the Orange Free State, a little north-east of Kimberley, as follows: Surrounded General Viljoens Mareuil and a body of Boers today. None escaped. Viljoens and seven Boers killed, eight wounded, fifty prisoners. Our losses were: Killed, Captains Boyle and Williams, both of the Yeomanry, and two men of the Yeomanry, wounded, about seven men. The attack lasted four hours. The corps behaved very well. Our force was composed of Yeomanry, the Kimberley mounted corps, and the Fourth battery of artillery.

Mareuil was the chief of staff of the Boer army. He was about fifty years old, and is said to have been responsible for many Boer successes. It is said that he entered the Boer service merely because war was his trade. He went through a number of campaigns in the French army.

London, April 8.—Lord Roberts reports that five companies of British troops have been captured by the Boers near Bethany.

Bloemfontein, April 7.—The first cavalry brigade, under Col. Corter, reconnected eastward yesterday beyond Louw Kop. They found 150 Boers and opened fire on them with shells. The Boers dispersed instantly.

London, April 8.—The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Telegraph telegraphing Thursday, says: "A sedition meeting was summoned by Transvaal emissaries for yesterday at Leonauburg, but nobody attended. But the papers from Brandfort have carried the telegraph wires between here and Boshof. The British scouts reported that a force of from 10,000 to 15,000 Boers had been seen beyond Boshof's Kop moving from Thaba N'Chu to the south. The enemy, by appeals and menaces combined, are vainly trying to induce the burghers to take the field again."

CANADIANS UNDER HUTTON.

Formation of Mounted Rifle Unit Under Former General Officer Commanding.

Bloemfontein, April 7.—There has been a reorganization of the Mounted Infantry corps of the army under Lord Roberts, the new division thus constituted being put under command of General Hamilton. One brigade of the division is formed of the Canadians, Australians, New Zealanders and other colonial units and has been placed under command of Lieut. Col. Hutton, late commanding officer of the militia forces of Canada. The second brigade, made up of regular and volunteer imperial troops, will be under command of Major Ridley. They will act as the advance guard of the scouts patrolling and clearing the country in aid of the main army.

Fighting in Ashanti.

Ashta, British Gold Coast, Africa, April 7.—Fierce fighting has taken place in Ashanti, Governor and Lady Hodgson are at Coomassie. The telegraph wires have been cut, communication stopped and dispatches destroyed. A body of Hussars is leaving here for Coomassie. The situation appears to be serious.

Dublin, April 8.—Queen Victoria has decided to drive in state through Dublin next Monday.

MANITOBA LEGISLATURE.

The Debate on Address Concluded and Motion Carried.

Winnipeg, April 8.—Mr. Thompson presented to the legislature Friday afternoon a petition from W. H. Oberlen and 81 others, asking that arrangements be made with the N. P. R. Co. for the construction of a railroad from Elgin to the western boundary of the province.

Mr. McFadden laid on the table the report of the department of public works for 1899.

Mr. Macdonald introduced and explained briefly the general purport of the following bills, and they were read the first time.

A bill respecting real property in the province of Manitoba. This was practically a consolidation of the present act and amendments. The act had worked very well on the whole, but in some parts was found defective.

A bill to consolidate and amend acts relating to the property of married women. This law had been amended very often, and many of the amendments were conflicting. The intention was to simplify.

A bill respecting the protection of game. The intention was to remove some difficulties found in enforcing the act. For instance, anyone not a resident of the province, who comes to enjoy shooting, is obliged to take out a license, for which he has to pay \$50. It had become the practice of most justices of the peace, where the law was infringed, to impose a fine.

The debate on the speech from the throne was concluded Friday night, having occupied just a week. The principal speakers were Messrs. Fowler, Young and Johnson; others who followed in the evening speaking briefly. This concluded the debate and the speech from the throne was adopted without division. The usual address in reply was read and will be engrossed and forwarded to his honor.

Treasurer Davidson gave notice of the motion to resolve the house into committee of supply and committee of ways and means, which precede the budget speech for Wednesday next. The house adjourned until Monday afternoon.

TERRITORIAL HOUSE.

Motion That Dominion Extend the System Carried Unanimously in Assembly.

Regina, April 8.—In the assembly on Friday Premier Haultain, replying to Mr. Villeneuve, said petitions had been received asking for Athabasca landings to be included in a housing district, and the government was considering the matter.

R. S. Lake moved to urge on the Dominion government the imperative necessity of extending the militia system to the Territories.

Mr. Bennett seconded Mr. MacKay, and Dr. Patrick supported it. Premier Haultain also supported, and paid a high tribute to the mounted police, who had been the pioneers of settlement and civilization. It was almost a reflection upon the people of the Territories that the militia system allowed in other portions of the Dominion was not extended to the Northwest. There was a practical side to the question, for if the regiments formed were mounted regiments, it should have a good effect upon the horse market, and would develop and improve the breeding of horses. The motion was carried unanimously.

The house went into committee on the bill to incorporate York Co. A. L. Sifton moved the consideration of the second clause, which limited the borrowing powers of the proposed town council, on the ground that the municipal officers would be compelled with by all towns alike, and exemptions should not be granted to one town that was not in existence in other towns. The amendment was lost. The bill passed through committee and was reported. Other bills were advanced, and the house adjourned.

Regina, April 6.—Petitions were presented praying for the incorporation of the public hospital at Edmonton and the Victoria hospital at Prince Albert.

In answer to Thomas McKay J. H. Ross, commissioner of public works, said the amount of \$92,000 for damage to public works by floods, granted by the federal government, was estimated on the basis of information obtained from various sources.

In reply to Charles Fisher, F. W. G. Haultain said the government was willing to appoint a Roman Catholic school inspector who could speak French, all other things being equal, when a vacancy occurred.

A. R. Mills moved for a return re: hail insurance companies, complaining that he wished information about the Manitoba Hail Insurance company about whose methods he spoke strongly.

A government motion for leave to introduce a bill to amend the liquor license act was allowed to stand.

The bill giving Lieutenant Governor in council the power to remit penalties passed.

A government bill to provide for dealing with lands forfeited to the government for taxes under the local improvement ordinance passed the second reading.

BRISK BATTLE FOUGHT.

ENGAGEMENT AT BOSMAN KOPJE LASTING SEVERAL HOURS.

Clement's Division Joins Roberts—Plummer's Men Checked Near Mafeking—Dr. Jameson Very Ill.

London, April 6.—The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "Gen. Clements' division, 6,000 strong, has arrived from the south, and has encamped five miles north of the city after a continuous march for a fortnight. There is no danger of a water famine here. An important engagement, lasting several hours, was fought yesterday afternoon at the Bosman Kop between the Boers and British troops."

The war office has had no news yesterday, and little was allowed to come through from the correspondents at Bloemfontein. According to the Standard's representative, there is no sign that the Boers intend taking the offensive, and Gen. Clements is disposing of his forces so as to guard against any surprise attack, which, although improbable, is evidently not regarded as impossible, judging from the preparations of Lord Roberts.

Advices from Wynburg, Venterburg, Prieska and Kenhardt show the colony is full of rebels. The Kenhardt rebels are marching on Calvinia and others are on their way towards Fourteen Streams. A dispatch box was found at Sanna's post, containing the cables signed by the Free Staters who surrendered. The signers have been sent in for order that the general may explain the invalidity of oaths under compulsion.

Prutaria, April 6.—Thabo N'Chu is now in possession of the federals. Forty-one British subjects were escorted across the frontier this morning.

A dispatch from Cape Town, dated yesterday, announces the departure for the front of the second contingent of Canadian mounted Infantry.

Cape Town, April 6.—Dr. Jameson, the leader of the famous raid into Transvaal territory, has arrived here. He is very ill.

London, April 6.—A special dispatch from Lorenzo Marques says sharp fighting occurred April 3 in the neighborhood of Mafeking. The garrison made a sortie, while Colonel Plummer's cavalry attacked the Boers at Ramathlabane. Both attacks were repulsed. Twenty of Colonel Plummer's men were found dead on the field and six others were made prisoners.

MANITOBA LEGISLATURE.

The Debate on the Address Continues.

Winnipeg, April 6.—On Speaker Hespeler taking the chair Mr. Mickle presented a petition from Albert Douglas Richards and others asking for legislation affecting certain trusts.

The several standing committees reported having elected their chairmen as follows: Law amendments, Hon. Colin Campbell; private bills, R. F. Lyons; privileges and elections, W. Garland; standing orders, Dr. O. I. Grant; public accounts, Robt. Rogers; printing, Wm. Ferguson; library, Speaker Hespeler; agriculture and immigration, Jas. Argue; railways, R. P. Roblin.

Mr. Macdonald laid on the table the annual report of the department of the attorney general, and the regulations of the advisory board, as to teachers' certificates.

The sitting occupied most of the first hour with the passing of motions for various returns and the asking and answering of questions relating largely to dismissals of civil servants. Mr. Campbell continued the debate on the address, speaking for an hour and a half, and was followed by Mr. Norris for an hour and ten minutes, ending at 6.30 o'clock. Mr. Robt. Rogers will have the floor in the debate today.

Winnipeg, April 5.—On the legislature resuming yesterday the galleries were again completely filled with eager spectators and standing room was at a premium. The speaker's gallery was largely filled with ladies who have manifested more interest in the deliberations of this legislature than in any previous one for some years.

The petition presented by Hon. C. H. Campbell from the Presbyterian churches in Canada asking for the incorporation of certain persons as trustees of that church was received and read.

The report of the committee appointed to select a list of members to form the several select standing committees was presented and read by the clerk.

The sitting today was devoted to discussion in the early part of the afternoon of a joint resolution moved by Mr. Greenway to the passing of Mr. Campbell's motion for a memorial to Ottawa re provisions for provincial control and ownership of railways, and to Mr. Greenway's speech on the motion for an address in reply to the Lieutenant Governor's replying remarks. Mr. Greenway made a forcible explanation of his position in past bargains with railway companies and also dealt with the questions of prohibition, rural commission, immigration and franchise.

AMENDING RAILWAY ACT.

Steps Taken to Secure Government Control—Kettle River Railway Bill.

Ottawa, April 6.—In the house yesterday Mr. Blair, minister of railways, introduced a bill to amend the railway act. It provides that street and electric railways are exempted from the operation of the railway act. Another clause is that a railway which has received aid from the Dominion may be compelled to locate stations at points which the railway committee of the privy council may decide. This is to prevent companies exploiting townships and sidetracking existing towns. It is also provided that one set of uniform working rules should be adopted by all railways in the Dominion. It is also provided in certain cases for the sequestration of railways, if a company has been in receipt of aid from one of the provinces and has operated part of its line, but does not choose to operate all of it, and the non-operation of which is a great detriment to that part of the country.

Mr. Sutherland said that the number of immigrants brought into Canada in 1897 was 19,304 (out of total of 20,016 immigrants, 712 of whom came from (United States). In 1898, 22,781 (out of a total of 21,900 immigrants, 9,119 of whom came from the United States), and in 1899, 32,798 (out of a total of 44,743 immigrants, 11,945 of whom came from the United States). The expenditure on immigration in 1897 was \$274,984, and in 1898, \$261,194, and in 1899, \$255,878.

Mr. Clarendon made a very able speech in reply to Clarke Wallace. In concluding he moved the following amendment to Sir Charles Tupper's resolution: "That this house, recognizing the fact that Great Britain gives free admission into her markets for all products of Canada, while Canada imposes heavy duties upon two-thirds of her imports from Great Britain, that Great Britain buys Canadian produce nearly three times her cost, that Great Britain gives to Canada the protection of her army and navy and the good offices of her consular and diplomatic services free of cost, that a preference in favor of Canada food products would be advantageous to Canada. That, nevertheless, this house recognizes that the keen competition now existing between Britain and other manufacturing countries, renders untaxed raw material and food necessary to Great Britain for success in that competition, and that so long as Canada furnishes only 5 per cent. of the total trade of Great Britain."

It is probable a preferential tariff on food products in favor of Canada will not be at present, or not at any early period in accordance with imperial interest or within the bounds of reasonable expectation, and that Canada may at present be satisfied with the trade and advantage given her by Great Britain, and denied her by all other countries, and with that valuable preference which is enjoyed by Canada in her relations with Great Britain."

Dr. Montague moved the adjournment of the debate, and the house adjourned.

WILL SEAT NEARLY 7,000.

Extensive Changes Proposed in B. building of the Exhibition Grounds.

Winnipeg, April 6.—The board of directors of the Winnipeg Industrial exhibition made a trip to the grounds Thursday morning on special electric cars and decided definitely as to the position of the British Columbia building as good a location as possible the grain and horticultural buildings will be turned sideways to the main building and brought closer and in the space thus left, about 150 feet west of the main building, the British Columbia building will be erected.

The change, which will be made with the grain stand and paddock will be such as to completely remodel that part of the grounds. The present grain stand is 400 feet long and it has been found that to hold for the finish of the horse races and for the platform attractions, these seated at extremities are too far away to obtain a fair view. It has been decided therefore to remove 125 feet from each end of the stand to what are now the ends of the paddock and place them at such an angle that those occupying seats thereon will be able to obtain a fair view of both the track and platform while the stands or "bleachers" will be far enough removed from the main stand not to interfere with the view of the track from that point. These stands will seat nearly 4,500 people. The centre stand will be a very commodious one and will be built on the most modern style. The "double deck" stands have been found to have several serious defects and are no longer being built, but are being replaced by those of narrow frontage and great depth. The new stand will have a frontage of 150 feet and a depth of 110, thus giving it a seating capacity of about 7,000.

Will Call Him Patrick.

London, April 6.—It is said that by the desire of Queen Victoria, the son that was born to the Duke and Duchess of York on Saturday last will be christened Patrick.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Gave a Notice of Motion—Vacation Two Ninety Stock Exchange.

Ottawa, April 4.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier gave notice that the house will adjourn from Wednesday of next week until Tuesday, the 13th inst.

Col. Fisher brought up a motion to adjourn the case of Lt.-Col. White, of who had been selected for a few months' staff course at Kingston military college. His appointment was cancelled, and the reason stated by the minister of militia. Afterward the general withdrew his letter to Col. White, and states that the reasons for his removal were that he was not a native command, was over age and was physically incapacitated.

Mr. Borden, minister of militia, denied that he had introduced politics into the militia. He cited the offering of the contingent now in South Africa, as a proof of this. As for the reason given by Gen. Hutton for Col. Whites' dismissal, that the statement of truth in the statement that it was due to political reasons.

The debate was continued by Messrs. McMillen, Tisdale, Foster, Davies, McNeill, Sutherland and Tyrwhitt. Mr. Sutherland then proceeded with the debate on the budget.

Mr. Wallace in his speech advocated increasing the duty on agricultural implements. He moved the adjournment of the debate.

Mr. Fisher's San Jose scale bill was passed through its different stages and read a third time. There will be a fumigation station, where the nursery stock will be admitted, in Manitoba and another in British Columbia. The house adjourned at midnight.

Senator Mills will move in the senate today that it adjourn until April 18.

MANITOBA LEGISLATURE.

Winnipeg, April 4.—The legislature was in session yesterday afternoon, the speaker taking the chair shortly after 3 o'clock.

Petitions were presented by Robin from Eric Hamber, president of the Western Canada Kennel club, praying that no exclusive privileges be given to any persons on government lands, and Edward Martin et al., praying that the house will take into consideration the want of a highway between Reardon and Oak Point and will take such measures as will grant the petitioners relief.

Mr. McFadden laid on the table a statement of bonds registered in the provincial secretary's department for the year 1898; report of the provincial secretary's department for the year 1899; report of the queen's printer, showing the circulation of the Manitoba Gazette for the year 1898, also a report showing the number of copies of the statutes of the province which have been printed and distributed by the queen's printer since the last session. The premier introduced a bill respecting real property in the province of Manitoba.

The debate on the speech from the throne was continued yesterday afternoon. Premier Macdonald held the floor from 3.15 to 6.05 o'clock, replying to Mr. McMillan and criticising the course of the Greenway government.

Mr. Greenway moved the adjournment of the debate.

JOINED MARTIN'S CABINET.

C. S. Ryder, of Cumberland, the New B.C. Finance Minister.

Victoria, April 4.—C. S. Ryder, general storekeeper at Cumberland, Comox district, who calls himself, in business advertising as "Chas. Martin," arrived by the noon train, and stated that he is to be finance minister in Mr. Martin's cabinet. He drove immediately to the parliament buildings, where he had a conference with the premier. Shortly afterwards it was announced that Mr. Ryder was this afternoon sworn in as minister of finance and agriculture.

A protest has been entered by H. Dallas Helmcken, through the attorney general's department at the use of the marine hospital as a barracks, as under section 5, subsection 9, the terms under which British Columbia entered into confederation, the Dominion agreed to assume and defray charges on light house, quarantines, buoys, beacons, shipwrecked crews and marine hospitals in Victoria.

Yorkton Incorporated.

Regina, April 4.—The assembly adjourned fifteen minutes today. The petition from Yorkton asking for incorporation was agreed to. The house went into committee on the bill granting power to the lieutenant-governor in council to remit penalties imposed by municipalities and delay charges on legislative assembly or elections thereto. The bill was reported and the house adjourned.

Kingston, Ireland, April 4.—Queen Victoria arrived here at 2 o'clock.

Stockholm, April 4.—Eugen Gustaf Akerblom, the former premier is dead.

Source: *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 1997, 92, 1037-1046.

